# PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> > WPP / WPPH <> WPPH-KA-28 < > VWBS-KA-28 < for welding





>WPP< able to rotate and >WPPH< fixed with the variantes ...-S / ...-B / ...-VIP

Safety instructions This safety instruction/declaration of the manufacturer has to be kept on file for the whole lifetime of the product. Translation of the Original instructions



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>VWBS-KA-28< able to rotate with chain connection



>WPPH-KA-28< fixed with chain connection

RUD

	🛙 RUi
EC-Declaration of conformity	EC-Declaration of conformity
According to the EC-Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, annex II A and amendments	According to the EC-Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, annex II A and amendments
Manufacturer: RUD Ketten Rieger & Dietz GmbH u. Co. KG Friedensinsel 73432 Aalen	Manufacturer: RUD Ketten Rieger & Dietz GmbH u. Co. KG Friedensinsel 73432 Aalen
We hereby declare that the equipment sold by us because of its design and construction, as mentioned below, corresponds to the appropriate, basic requirements of safety and health of the corresponding EC-Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC as well as to the below mentioned harmonized and national norms as well as technical specifications. In case of any modification of the equipment, not being agreed upon with us, this declara- tion becomes invalid.	We hereby declare that the equipment sold by us because of its design and construction, as mentioned below, corresponds to the appropriate, basic requirements of safety and health of the corresponding EC-Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC as well as to the below mentioned harmonized and national norms as well as technical specifications. In case of any modification of the equipment, not being agreed upon with us, this declara- tion becomes invalid.
Product name: Lifting point PowerPoint	Product name: Welding point
PP / WPP / WPPH	VWBS-KA / WPPH-KA
Bit Sector      Diversion      Diversion <thdit< th="">      Dit      Diversion&lt;</thdit<>	The following harmonized norms were applied:       DIN EN 1677-1: 2009-03    DIN EN ISO 12100: 2011-03
Authorized person for the configuration of the declaration documents: Michael Betzler, RUD Ketten, 73432 Aalen	Authorized person for the configuration of the declaration documents: Michael Betzler, RUD Ketten, 73432 Aalen
Aalen, den 26.09.2016 DrIng. Arne Kriegsmann.(Prokurist/QMB) Ing. Jagenussen, Name, function and signature of the responsible person	Aalen, den 01.12.2016 DrIng. Arne Kriegsmann.(Prokurist/QMB) Inc. Ing. Ing. Ing. Ing. Ing. Ing. Ing. Ing



Before initial usage of the RUD weld-on lifting point PowerPoint<sup>®</sup>, please read carefully the safety instructions. Make sure that you have understood all subjected matters. Non-observance can lead to serious personal injuries and material damage and eliminates warranty.

# 1 Safety instructions

## ATTENTION

Wrong assembled or damaged weld-on lifting points PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> as well as improper use can lead to injuries of persons and damage of objects when load drops.

Please inspect all lifting points before each use.

- Remove all body parts (fingers, hands, arms, etc.) out of the hazard area (danger of crushing or squeezing) during the lifting process.
- RUD weld-on lifting points PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> must only be used by instructed and competent persons considering DGUV rules 100-500 (BGR 500) and outside Germany noticing the country specific statutory regulations.
- Attention: Other combinations with non RUD components and chains are dangerous! These are not permitted and RUD will not accept any warranty.
- Disassembling of ball-bearing by the user is not allowed.
- The stated WLL on the lifting point must only be exceeded in the vertical usage of the WPP/WPPH 5 t and WPP/WPPH 8t acc. to table 5.
- Weld-on lifting points PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> must be rotatable in the screwed tight status through 360 °.
- No technical alterations must be implemented on the weld-on lifting points PowerPoint<sup>®</sup>.
- No people may stay in the danger zone.
- · Jerky lifting (strong impacts) should be prevented.
- Always ensure a stable position of the load when lifting. Swinging must be prevented.
- Damaged or worn weld-on lifting points PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> must never be utilised.

# 2 Intended use of PowerPoint®

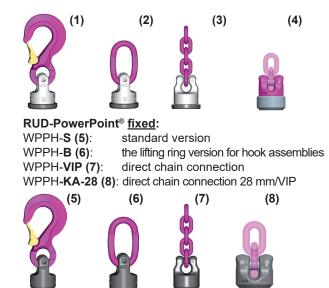
- Lifting points must only be used for lifting and manipulating of loads according to the stated inclination angles and the total weight of the load. Turning and flipping of loads will be allowed due to the installed ball bearing (with the WPP and VWBS-KA). But these lifting points must not be used for a permanent turning action under load.
- RUD weld-on lifting PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> must only be used in the hereby described operation purpose.

# 3 Variants

RUD weld-on  $\mathsf{PowerPoints}^{\texttt{®}}$  are compatible with the following components:

## RUD-PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> able to <u>rotate</u>:

WPP-S (1):standard versionWPP-B (2):the lifting ring version for hook assembliesWPP-VIP (3):direct chain connectionVWBS-KA-28 (4):direct chain connection 28 mm/VIP



Pic. 1: versions

## HINT

Combinations of eye connection parts and chains, which are not specified by RUD are prohibited. For changes or combinations of not specified parts, RUD Ketten will not take responsibility and liability. With the variants WPPH-KA-28 and VWBS-KA-28, only the direct chain connection is possible (see table 6, page 7).

## 4 Assembly- and instruction manual

### 4.1 General information

- Capability of temperature usage: The use in high temperatures is not recommend due to the grease in the ball- bearing, if you need it yet, you must reduce the weight of load as follows: -40° up to 200°C: no reduction 200° up to 300°C: minus 10 % (392°F up to 572°F) 300° up to 400°C: minus 25 % (572°F up to 752°F) Temperatures exceeding 400°C are prohibited!
- RUD weld-on lifting points must not be used with aggressive chemicals such as acids, alkaline solutions and their vapours.
- The special pink-powder coating of the components changed permanently the colouring, if the use was in high temperatures. The colour deep black signals a use over 400°C.



After use over 400°C (chain is coloures deep black) is a continuing use not allowed. The quality of the chain is not guaranteed.

- Please mark mounting position of lifting point with a coloured contrast paint for better visibility.
- If the lifting points are used exclusively for lashing the value of the working load limit can be doubled: LC = 2 x WLL

#### HINT



If the lifting point is/was used as a lashing point, with a force <u>higher than the WLL</u>, it must <u>not</u> <u>be used</u> as a lifting point afterwards. If the lifting point is/was used as a lashing point, up to the WLL only, it can still be used afterwards as a lifting point.



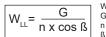
HINT

The rotating types WPP-S, WPP-B, WPP-VIP and VWBS-KA-28 are not suitable for permanent turning under load.

#### 4.2 Hints for the assembly

- 1. The material construction to which the lifting point will be attached should be of adequate strength to withstand forces during lifting without deformation. The contact areas must be free from inpurities, oil, colour, ect. The material of the forged welding parts is 1.6541 (23MnNiCrMo52)
- 2. The lifting points must be positioned to the load in such a way that movements are avoided during lifting.
  - For single leg lifts, the lifting point should be vertically above the centre of gravity of the load.
  - For two leg lifts, the lifting points must be equidistant to/or above the centre of gravity of the load.
  - For <u>three and four leg</u> lifts, the lifting points should be arranged symmetrical around the centre of gravity in the same plane if possible.
- 3. Load symmetry:

The required WLL of the individual RUD lifting point are calculated using the following formula and are based on symmetrical loading:



- W<sub>LL</sub>
   = working load limit / capacity of each lifting point

   G
   = load weight (kg)

   n
   = number of load bearing legs
  - = angle of inclination of the chain to the vertical

The calculation of the load bearing legs is as follows:

	symmetrical unsymmetric			
Two leg	2	1		
Three/four leg	3	1		

Table 1 (also refer to table 5 and 6, page 6)

- 4. The type WPPH-VIP and WPPH-KA-28 (rigid, with VIPchain connection) has to be aligned in regard of the vertical slot for the chain link, when used in multiple leg usage with inclination angle, straight into the direction of pull.
- 5. All fittings connected to the WPP-versions should be free moving. Also the assembled components on the WPP must be free moveable and should not used over sharp corners. When connecting and disconnecting the lifting means (wire ropes, chain slings, round slings) pinches and impacts should be avoided. Damage of the lifting means caused by sharp corners should be avoided as well. Before lifting, the hooks must be installed without twists in the direction of pull.



#### ATTENTION

B-link, chain and connecting elements must be free moveable in the PowerPoint and must neither have support at the load edge nor at the bottom part of the PowerPoint (Pic. 5).

6. Please observe the following pivoting areas resp. the inclination angle.

Ring/hook/chain of the adjusted WPP/WPPH can be pivot by 230° (Pic. 2).

The assembled chain of the adjusted VWBS-KA and the WPPH-KA can be turned by approx. 180° (Pic. 3).

To guarantee the WLL and the function (compare table 5 and 6, page 6), the inclination  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

angle of the ring/hook/chain must not exceed 25° when lifting point is attached from the side (compare Pic. 4 / 5).





Pic. 2: pivoting area WPP/WPPH-S/-B /-VIP

230





Pic. 3: pivoting area

WPPH-KA

und VWBS-KA

Pic. 4: Max. inclination angle of 25°, für WPP/ WPPH-S /-B /-VIP

- Pic. 5: Forbidden contact or support at/or with edge
- Please check by a competent person after welding the ongoing usage of the weld-on lifting point (see chapter 5, Inspection criteria).
- The RUD PowerPoint must not be loaded with the Manufacturing Proof Force MPF (2.5 x WLL). Should at the production of lifting means or similar products, a singular proof loading be necessary, please ask RUD in advance.

## 4.3 Hints for welding

Welding has to be carried out by a certified welder acc. to DIN EN ISO 9606-1 or AWS Standards

#### Tables and welding information see page 5-7!

1. Tack Weld at the right position. The tack-welding of the types <u>WPPH-KA-28</u> and <u>VWBS-KA-28</u> must be carried out in the preheating temperature.

#### HINT



The preheat temperature when welding the <u>WPPH-KA-28</u> and <u>VWBS-KA-28</u> must be between 240°C and 260°C.

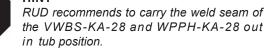
#### HINT



RUD recommends a preheat temperature between 240°C and 260°C when welding the WPP (rotate) and WPPH (fixed).

- Before the closure weld is carried out, make sure that the bottom and all interlayers are cleaned carefully. Remove all visible flaw spots of the root and at the interlayers.
- 3. Weld fillet weld continuous at the welding part of the lifting point.

#### HINT



## HINT

Weld all seams in the same temperature.



#### HINT

Do **not** weld on the connecting elements (eyehook, oval link, ...)!

- 4. Please check by a competent person after welding the ongoing usage of the weld-on lifting point (see chapter *5, Inspection / repair*).
- Due to the welding the amount of lubrication inside the bearing of the WPP / VWBS can be reduced. If necessary, lubricate the WPP / VWBS bearing (see Section 6 Notes regarding repairing).

### 4.4 User instructions

 Check frequently and before each initial operation the whole weld-on lifting point PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> in regard of linger ability as a lifting mean, evidence of cracks on the welding seam, regarding corrosion, wear, deformation etc. (see chapter 5, Inspection / repair).



#### ATTENTION

Wrong positioned or damaged weld-on lifting points as well as improper use can lead to injuries of persons and damage at property, when load falls down.

Please check all lifting points carefully before every usage.

- RUD components are designed according to DIN EN 818 and DIN EN 1677 for a dynamic load of 20,000 load cycles.
  - Keep in mind that several load cycles can occur with a lifting procedure
  - Keep in mind that, due to the high dynamic stress with high numbers of load cycles, that there is a danger that the product will be damaged.
  - The BG/DGUV recommends: For higher dynamic loading with a high number of load cycles (continuous operation), the working load stress must be reduced according to the driving mechanism group 1Bm (M3 in accordance with DIN EN 818-7). Use a lifting point with a higher working load limit.

## 5 Inspection / repair

## 5.1 Hints for periodical inspections

The operator must determine and specify the nature and scope of the required tests as well as the periods of repeating tests by means of a risk assessment (see sections 5.2 and 5.3).

The continuing suitability of the anchor point must be checked at least 1x year by an expert.

Depending on the usage conditions, f.e. frequent usage, increased wear or corrosion, it might be necessary to check in shorter periods than one year. The inspection has also to be carried out after accidents and special incidents.

The operator must specify the test cycles.

# 5.2 Test criteria for the regular visual inspection by the user

- · Completeness of the lifting point
- Completeness of manufacturer's and WLL markings plus their readability
- Deformation at load bearing components like base body, suspension hook and ring (p.ex. marker points at the Cobra-hook)
- Mechanical deformations like deep notches especially in areas where tensile stress occures.
- mouth width opened (overload) > 10 %
- · Evidence of cracks
- Evidence of cracks and other damages on the welding seam.
- Easy, jerk free turning between top and bottom part of the PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> WPP and VWBS-KA-28 must be ensured.
- · The maximum gap between upper-
- and lower part of the PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> must not be exceeded:

WPP-..-0.63 t up to WPP-..-2.5 t  $\rightarrow$  max. 1.5 mm



WPP-..-4 t up to WPP-..-8 t  $\rightarrow$  max. 2.5 mm

## VWBS-KA-28

- → max. 4 mm
- please check tightening of the lateral positioned locking bolt at all swivel types

# 5.3 Additional test criteria for the competent person / repair worker

- Reduction of cross-section caused by wear by more than 10 %.
- Intense corrosion (pitting).
- further checks may be required, depending on the result of the risk assessment (e.g. testing for cracks in load-bearing parts).

# 6 Notes regarding repairing

Repairing must only be carried out at RUD headquarters or by RUD authorized partners who have recuperate the necessary knowledge and capabilities.

For maintenance and re-lubrication of the VWBS-KA-28, please use grease f.e. AVALITH 2EP or comparable lubricants. For this use a grease press with a nozzle for cup head lubrication nipples.

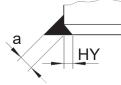
Lubricate of the WPP (rotable) during maintenance at the gap between housing and suspension ring with spray oil resp. grease (see pict. 6).

	w	veld seam			
Туре	size	length	volume		
WPP0.63 t	<b>△</b> 4	125 mm	ca. 2.3 cm <sup>3</sup>		
WPP1.5 t	⊾ 5	140 mm	ca. 3.2 cm <sup>3</sup>		
WPP2.5 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>5</b>	190 mm	ca. 5.0 cm³		
WPP4 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>6</b>	250 mm	ca. 8.0 cm³		
WPP5 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>8</b>	300 mm	ca. 13.0 cm³		
WPP8 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>10</b>	315 mm	ca. 23.3 cm <sup>3</sup>		
WPPH0.63 t	<b>△</b> 4	106 mm	ca. 2.0 cm³		
WPPH1.5 t	⊾ 5	125 mm	ca. 2.8 cm³		
WPPH2.5 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>5</b>	165 mm	ca. 4.5 cm³		
WPPH4 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>6</b>	215 mm	ca. 6.8 cm <sup>3</sup>		
WPPH4 t WPPH5 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>6</b> (HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>8</b>	215 mm 260 mm	ca. 6.8 cm <sup>3</sup> ca. 11.4 cm <sup>3</sup>		
		-			
WPPH5 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>8</b>	260 mm	ca. 11.4 cm³		
WPPH5 t WPPH8 t	(HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>8</b> (HY) <b>3</b> + (a) <b>10</b>	260 mm 275 mm	ca. 11.4 cm <sup>3</sup> ca. 20.6 cm <sup>3</sup>		

Table 2

\* HY-weld seam with a concave discharge.

#### Position of welding seam:



Pic. 7: Position of welding seam

Please carry the a-dimensions of the corresponding WPPsizes out in multiple layers.

Please note the corresponding user hint in regard of the welding filler materials

## Welding procedure + Welding filler metals:

	Europe, USA, Asia, Australia, Africa
	Baustähle, niedrig legierte Stähle
	EN 10025-2
	Mild steels, low alloyed steel EN 10025-2
MIG / MAG	DIN EN ISO 14341: G4Si1 (G3Si1)
(135)	z.B. PEGO G4Si1
Gas shilded	
wire welding	
E-Hand	DIN EN ISO 2560-A: E 42 6 B 3 2 H10
Gleich-	DIN EN ISO 2560-A: E 38 2 B 1 2 H10
strom	z.B. PEGO B Spezial*/PEGO BR Spezial*
(111, =)	
Stick Elec- trode direct	
current	
E-Hand	DIN EN ISO 2560-A: E 38 2 RB 1 2
(Wechsel-	DIN EN ISO 2560-A: E 42 0 RC 1 1
strom	z.B. PEGO RC 3 / PEGO RR B 7
111, ~)	Alternativ:
Stick Elec-	DIN EN ISO 3581: E 23 12 2 L R 3 2
trode	z.B. PEGO 309 MoL
alternating	
current	
WIG (141)	DIN EN ISO 636-A: W 3 Si 1 (W2 Si 1)
(TIG (141))	DIN EN ISO 636-A: W 2 Ni 2
Tungsten arc welding	z.B. PEGO WSG 2 / PEGO WSG2Ni2
Table 3	* Follow the drving instructions!

Table 3

Follow the drying instructions!

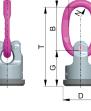
Туре	WLL [t]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	G [mm]	T [mm]	weight [kg/pc.]	Welding beam HY + filled weld (see Pic. 7 + Table 2 + 3)	RefNo. WPP	RefNo. WPPH
WPP(WPPH)-S-0.63 t	0.63	13	75	18	40 (34)	40 (34)	115 (109)	0.4 (0.35)	▶ 3.5	7990721	7990722
WPP(WPPH)-S-1.5 t	1.5	20	97	25	46 (40)	50 (44)	147 (141)	1.0 (0.9)	▶ 4.5	7989944	7989966
WPP(WPPH)-S-2.5 t	2.5	28	126	30	61 (53)	61 (53)	187 (179)	1.7(1.5)	3 + 5	7989945	7989967
WPP(WPPH)-S-4 t	4.0	36	150	35	78 (68)	77 (67)	227 (217)	3.7 (3.2)	3 + 6	7989946	7989968
WPP(WPPH)-S-5 t	5.0	37	174	40	95 (83)	93 (79)	267 (253)	7.2 (6.3)	3 + 8	7989947	7989969
WPP(WPPH)-S-8 t	8.0	49	208	48	100 (88)	102 (88)	310 (296)	9.5 (8.8)	3 + 10	7989948	7989970
WPP(WPPH)-B-0.63 t	0.63	9	65	35	40 (34)	40 (34)	105 (99)	0.35 (0.3)	▶ 3.5	7989954	7989976
<b>WPP(WPPH)-B</b> -1.5 t	1.5	11	65	35	46 (40)	50 (44)	115 (106)	0.46 (0.36)	▲ 4.5	7989955	7989977
WPP(WPPH)-B-2.5 t	2.5	13	74	40	61 (53)	61 (53)	135 (127)	1.05 (0.85)	3 + 5	7989956	7989978
WPP(WPPH)-B-4 t	4.0	16	95	45	78 (68)	77 (67)	172 (162)	2.4 (1.9)	3 + 6	7989957	7989979
WPP(WPPH)-B-5 t	5.0	19	130	60	95 (83)	93 (79)	223 (209)	5.1 (4.3)	3 + 8	7989958	7989980
WPP(WPPH)-B-8 t	8.0	24	140	65	100 (88)	102 (88)	242 (228)	5.9 (5.2)	3 + 10	7989959	7989981
<b>WPP(WPPH)-VIP</b> -0.63 t	0.63	4	-	-	40 (34)	40 (34)	-	0.25 (0.2)	<b>№</b> 3.5	7989960	7989982
WPP(WPPH)-VIP-1.5 t	1.5	6	-	-	46 (40)	50 (44)	-	0.32 (0.22)	▲ 4.5	7989961	7989983
WPP(WPPH)-VIP-2.5 t	2.5	8	-	-	61 (53)	61 (53)	-	0.85 (0.65)	3 + 5	7989962	7989984
WPP(WPPH)-VIP-4 t	4.0	10	-	-	78 (68)	77 (67)	-	2.1 (1.6)	3 + 6	7989963	7989985
WPP(WPPH)-VIP-5 t	5.0	13	-	-	95 (83)	93 (79)	-	4.1 (3.3)	3 + 8	7989964	7989986
WPP(WPPH)-VIP-8 t	8.0	16	-	-	100 (88)	102 (88)	-	4.5 (3.8)	3 + 10	7989965	7989987
VWBS-KA-28	31.5	28	-	-	170	-	146	24	22*	7903	3440
WPPH-KA-28	31.5	28	-	-	148	-	74	11	10 +15	7903	3438

() = dimensions for WPPH

\* HY-weld seam with a concave discharge





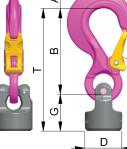


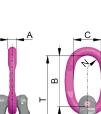
WPPH-B

WPP-B

WPPH-S

C)

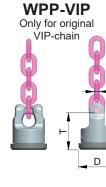




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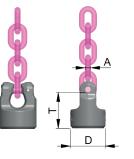
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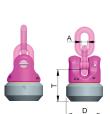
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A

WPPH-VIP Only for original VIP-chain

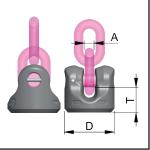




VWBS-KA-28

Only for original VIP-MAXI-chain

WPPH-KA-28 Only for original VIP-MAXI-chain





Subject to technical alterations

Method of lift	G	G	A G	G G	G		G G		29	G
Lifting from the side	(compare 4.2, 6)!				β max. 25°		۲ <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	β max. 25°		
Number of legs	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3 & 4	3 & 4	3 & 4
Angle of inclination <ß	0°	90°	0°	90°	0-45°	45-60°	unsymm.	0-45°	45-60°	unsymm.
Factor	1	1	2	2	1.4	1	1	2.1	1.5	1
Туре	Max. weigh	t of load >G<	< in metric to	ns for all Po	werPoint typ	es with diffe	erent sling m	ethods		
WPP / WPPH	0.63 t	0.63 t	1.26 t	1.26 t	0.88 t	0.63 t	0.63 t	1.32 t	0.95 t	0.63 t
0.63 t	(1385 lbs)	(1385 lbs)	(2770 lbs)	(2770 lbs)	(1940 lbs)	(1385 lbs)	(1385 lbs)	(2900 lbs)	(2080 lbs)	(1385 lbs)
WPP / WPPH	1.5 t	1.5 t	3.0 t	3.0 t	2.1 t	1.5 t	1.5 t	3.15 t	2.25 t	1.5 t
1.5 t	(3300 lbs)	(3300 lbs)	(6600 lbs)	(6600 lbs)	(4620 lbs)	(3300 lbs)	(3300 lbs)	(6930 lbs)	(4950 lbs)	(3300 lbs)
WPP / WPPH	2.5 t	2.5 t	5.0 t	5.0 t	3.5 t	2.5 t	2.5 t	5.25 t	3.75 t	2.5 t
2.5 t	(5500 lbs)	(5500 lbs)	(11000 lbs)	(11000 lbs)	(7700 lbs)	(5500 lbs)	(5500 lbs)	(11550)	(8250 lbs)	(5500 lbs)
WPP / WPPH	4.0 t	4.0 t	8.0 t	8.0 t	5.6 t	4.0 t	4.0 t	8.4 t	6.0 t	4.0 t
4 t	(8800 lbs)	(8800 lbs)	(17600 lbs)	(17600 lbs)	(12320 lbs)	(8800 lbs)	(8800 lbs)	(18480 lbs)	(13200 lbs)	(8800 lbs)
WPP / WPPH	6.7 t	5.0 t	13.4 t	10.0 t	7.0 t	5.0 t	5.0 t	10.5 t	7.5 t	5.0 t
5 t	(15000 lbs)	(11000 lbs)	(30000 lbs)	(22000 lbs)	(15400 lbs)	(11000 lbs)	(11000 lbs)	(23100 lbs)	(16500 lbs)	(11000 lbs)
WPP / WPPH	10.0 t	8.0 t	20.0 t	16.0 t	11.2 t	8.0 t	8.0 t	16.8 t	12.0 t	8.0 t
8 t	(22000 lbs)	(17600 lbs)	(44000 lbs)	(35200 lbs)	(24640 lbs)	(17600 lbs)	(17600 lbs)	(36960 lbs)	(26400 lbs)	(17600 lbs)

Table 5: WLL overview WPP and WPPH

Method of lift	G	β G	G A	β G	G		G	G		G
number of legs	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3 & 4	3 & 4	3 & 4
Angle of inclination <ß	0°	90°	0°	90°	0-45°	45-60°	unsymm.	0-45°	45-60°	unsymm.
factor	1	1	2	2	1.4	1	1	2.1	1.5	1
Туре	Max. weight of load >G< in metric tons for all PowerPoint types with different sling methods									
VWBS- KA- 28	31.5 t	31.5 t	63.0 t	63.0 t	44.1 t	31.5 t	31.5 t	66.15 t	47.25 t	31.5 t
WPPH- KA- 28	31.5 t	31.5 t	63.0 t	63.0 t	44.1 t	31.5 t	31.5 t	66.15 t	47.25 t	31.5 t

Table 6: WLL overview VWBS-KA-28 and WPPH-KA-28